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Coppice Forests in Europe: a traditional natural resource with great potential

Limoges, June 21st 2017

Introduction

- Utilization of coppice forests and their development is in close connection with use of hand tools
- Mechanized harvesting limited to suitable work conditions
- Globally most of coppice harvesting is cut by chain saw low investment, private property, resilient to terrain conditions

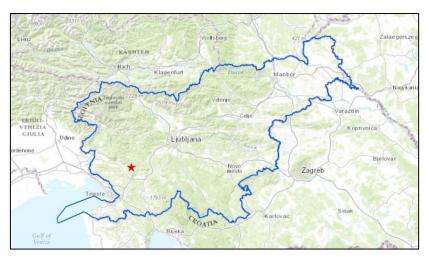
Introduction

- In the last five years, a big push has started in the battery powered outdoor applications
- The last tools to be tackled were blowers and chainsaws
 - Difficult working environment
 - High power requirements
- Battery capacity is contantly growing

INTRODUCTION

- The aim of the study was to demonstrate the feasibility of battery powered chainsaw use in coppice forest
- Why coppice?
 - Small diameter of trees
 - Thinner branches
- Consequently
 - The rated power can be lower and the characteristis of trees do not demand a long bar

METHODS



Location: SW-part of Slovenia

Forest type: Coppice

Tree species: Osytria carpinifolia

and Sorbus aria

Tree dimensions (DBH): 7-24 cm

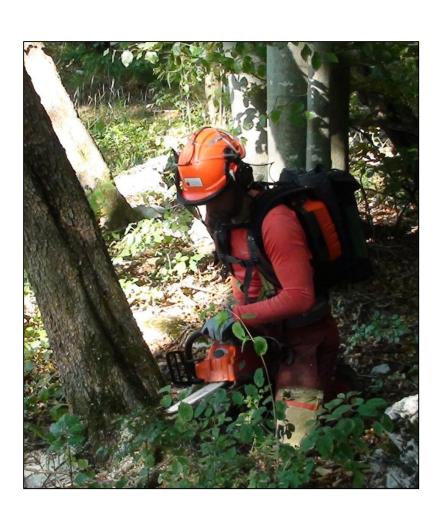
Number of trees cut: 16

Sum of cut volume: 2.2 m³

Trail duration: 3h



METHODS



Chain saw

• type: Husqvarna 536 Li XP

• bar lenght: 14' (35 cm)

• weight: 2.6 kg

o chain speed: 20 m/s

Battery

 type:Husqvarna BLi940X Battery Backpack

o capacity: 26.1 Ah

o voltage: 36 V

METHODS

Exposure to HA vibration

- vibration meter: Bruel&Kjaer 4447
- accelerometer: Bruel&Kjaer 4524B
- pozition:rear handle



Exposure to noise

- sound meter: Bruel&Kjaer 2250
- o microphone: Bruel&Kjaer 4189
- pozition:right ear

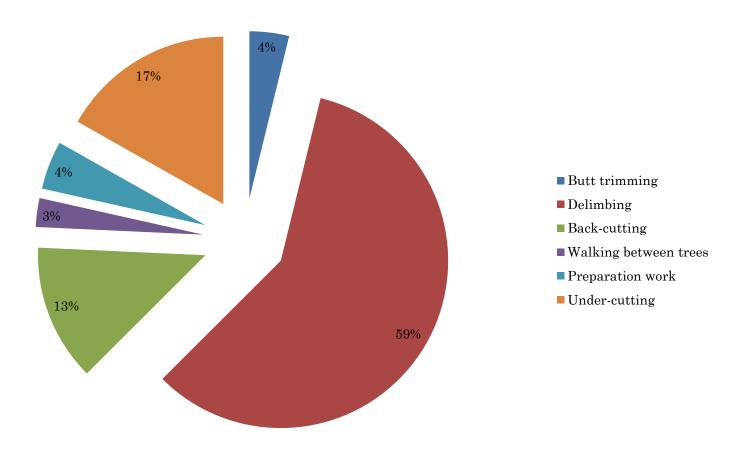


Figure 1: Breakdown of productive time for battery powered chainsaw in coppice forest

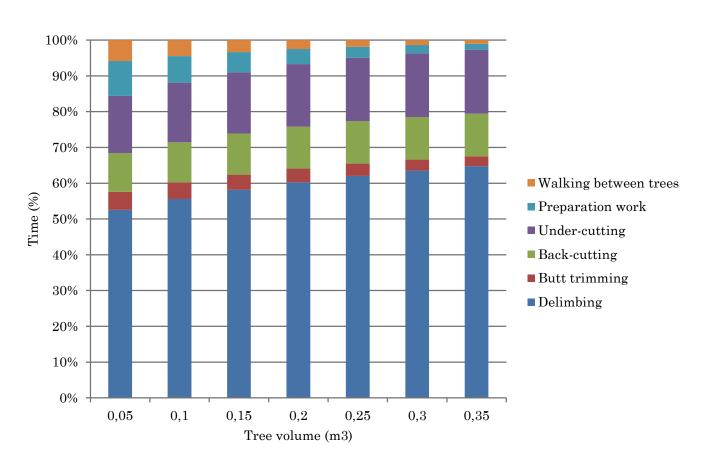


Figure 2: Breakdown of productive time per tree volumefor battery powered chainsaw in coppice forest

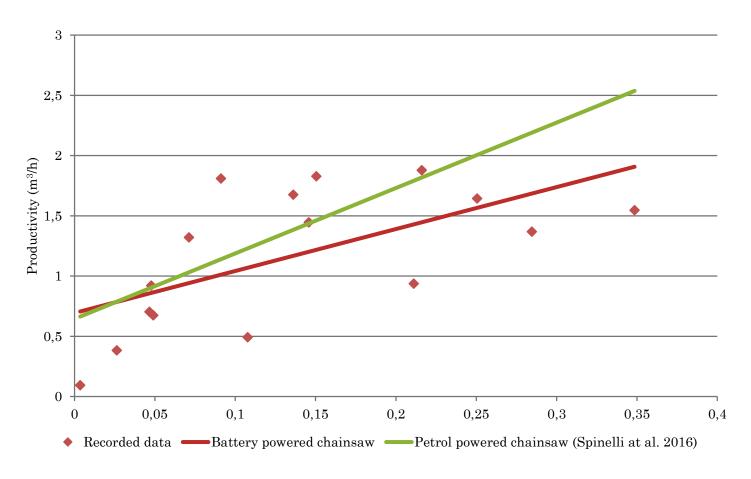


Figure 3: Harvesting productivity of battery and petrol powered chainsaw in coppice forest

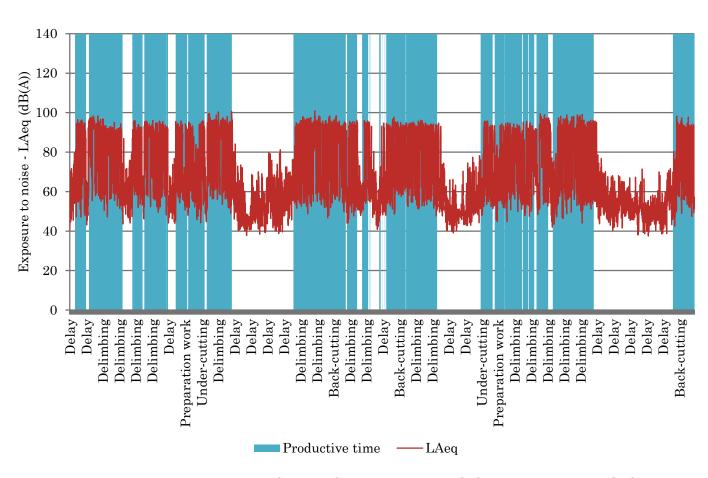


Figure 4: Exposure to noise during harvesting with battery powered chain saw in coppice forest

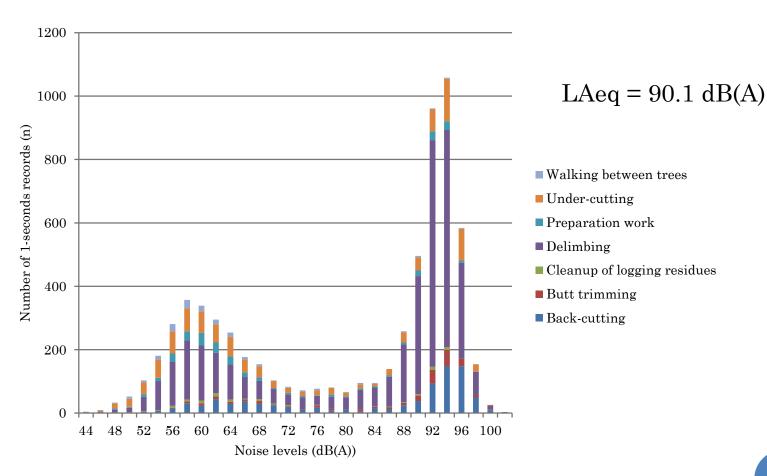


Figure 5: Exposure to noise per working operations

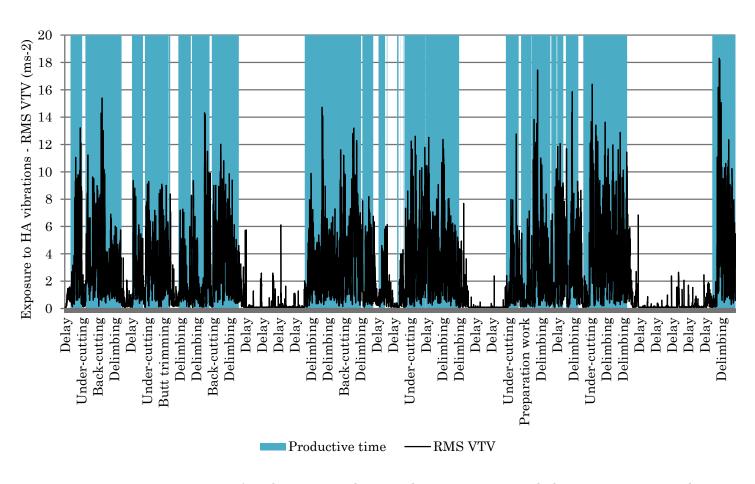


Figure 6: Exposure to HA vibrations during harvesting with battery powered chain saw in coppice forest

RMS VTV_{OPERATING} = 4.61 m/s^2 RMS VTV_{PRODUCTIVE} = 3.54 m/s^2

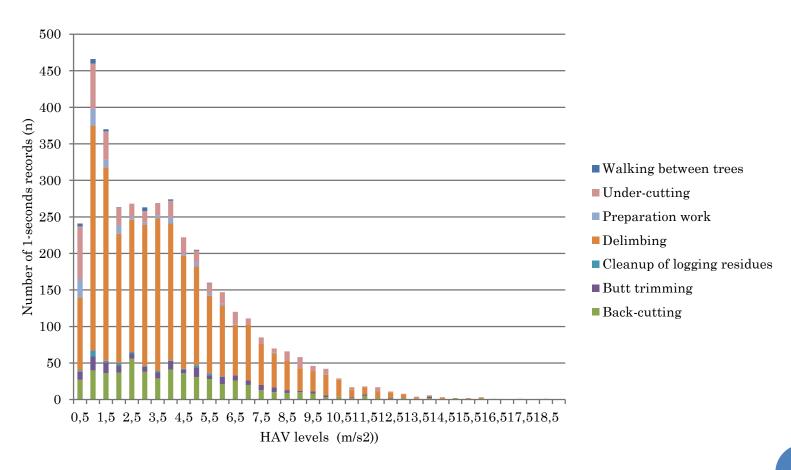


Figure 7: Exposure to HA vibrations per working operations

DISCUSSION

- Productivity is lower than that of petrol chain saw, but comparable when cutting small trees
- Noise exposure is significantly lower compared to petrol chainsaw $\sim 10~dB(A)$
 - Personal hearing protection is still required!
- Reducton of exposure to HA vibration is less significant

DISCUSSION

- Electricity has perspective, from the aspect of worker health and environment
- Productivity is expected to rise with development of technology
- We are not there yet
 - Problems with the chain saw details
 - Battery capacity
 - Engine power
- Motor- manual felling will continue to dominate coppice in the future
- Battery power has real perspective in coppice in future

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION